

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Plasti-Mend Cleaner/Primer

MSDS Number: PM100813

Section 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: Plasti-Mend Cleaner/Primer

Product No. 100813

Product Use: Cleaner/Primer for Plasti-Mend Repair Compounds

Firm Name & Address: GHM Industries Inc. DBA Plasti-Mend, 14415 Coffee Lane, Newalla, OK 74857

E-mail: sales@plasti-mend.com

Website: www.plasti-mend.com

Firm Phone No. 800-821-1835

Emergency Phone No. 970-685-0309

Prepared by: GM

Preparation Date: 1/01/2010

Section 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Clear liquid with a solvent odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS: %wt/wt : CAS NUMBER: ACGIH TLV TWA: OSHA PEL TWA OTHER:

Tetrahydrofuran 10 – 20% 109-99-9 50 ppm(skin) 200 ppm 25 ppm (Mfg) 100 ppm STEL

Methyl Ethyl Ketone 25 – 40% 78-93-3 200 ppm 200 ppm None 300 ppm

Acetone 25 – 40% 67-64-1 500 ppm 1000 ppm None 750 ppm STEL

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

Section 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

Section 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint / Method:

14 - 23 Degrees F. (-10 to -5 Degrees C) / CCCFP

Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume

Extinguishing Media:

Use dry chemical, CO₂, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

Special Fire Fighting Procedure:

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards:

Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Section 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Leak Procedures: Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

Section 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.

Respiratory Protection: For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Protection: Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Section 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C

Melting Point: Not applicable

Vapor Pressure: 145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees C

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) 2.5

Volatile Components: 99.96%

Solubility In Water: Negligible

pH: Not applicable

Specific Gravity: 0.84 +/- 0.02 @ 20 Degrees C

Evaporation Rate: (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0

Appearance: Clear Liquid

Odor: Solvent

Material Is: Liquid

Section 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Incompatibility/ Materials To Avoid: Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

Skin: May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

Eye: Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

Ingestion: Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

Chronic Toxicity: Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis and damage to the kidney, liver, lungs and central nervous system.

Toxicity Data:

Acetone: Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m³/8 hours

Tetrahydrofuran: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m³/8 hours

Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg

Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. The National Toxicology Program has reported that exposure of mice and rats to tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800 ppm 6 hr/day, 5 days/week for their lifetime caused an increased incidence of kidney tumors in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. The significance of these findings for human health is unclear at this time, and may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified tetrahydrofuran as "A3," Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans.

Mutagenicity: Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

Reproductive Toxicity: Methyl ethyl ketone has been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

Section 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L.

Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

VOC Information: This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Make sure

that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where they exist.

VOC Level: Maximum 550 g/L per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

Section 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations.

Allow to evaporate before container disposal. Organic solvents decompose completely in air but can may require longer times to decompose in earth or water.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: U002, U159, U213

EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D001, D035, F003, F005

Ignitable Waste: Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content)

Section 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Less than 1 Liter(0.3gal)	Greater than 1 Liter(0.3gal)
UN/NA Number: None	UN1993
Proper Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity Flammable Liquid,	NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class: ORM-D	3
Packing Group: None	PGII
Hazard Labels: None	Flammable Liquid
IMDG UN Number: UN1993	UN1993
Proper Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, (Limited Quantity)	NOS
Flammable Liquid,	NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class: 3	3
Packing Group: II	II
Label: None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)	
Class 3 (Flammable Liquid)	

Flashpoint (deg C) -10 to -5 Degrees C -10 to -5 Degrees C

2008 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: 127

Section 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for

Section 311/312:

Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable

Section 302

Extremely Hazardous

Substances (TPQ):

This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.

Section 313 Toxic

Chemicals:

This product does not contain chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section

313 Reporting requirements.

CERCLA 103

Reportable

Quantity:

Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Tetrahydrofuran (30% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 3,333 lbs.

Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

California

Proposition 65: This product does not contain any chemicals subject to California Proposition 65 regulations.

TSCA Inventory All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

Canadian WHIMS

Classification:

Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Section 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None

HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

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